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PART I—Section 1

प्राप्तिकार से प्रकाशित

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इस भाग में भिन्न पृष्ठ संख्या वी जाती है जिससे कि यह धारणा संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके।

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE

PUBLIC NOTICES

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 13th December 1968

SUBJECT:—Import of spare parts against licences for capital goods (machinery and equipment).

No. 263-ITC(PN)/68.—Attention is invited to the provisions contained in paragraph 149 of Chapter VI of the Import Trade Control Hand Book of Rules and Procedure, 1968, according to which the Customs authorities may allow import of spare parts against licences for machinery, provided the value of spare parts imported does not exceed 10 per cent of the total value of the licence, and is covered within the overall value of the licence, unless otherwise specifically indicated in the licence. Under this provision, it is open to a licensee to import only such spare parts as are permissible in terms of the import policy in force and are required for maintenance of the machinery imported.

2. The position in this regard has been reviewed, and it has been decided that:—

(1) if a licence has been issued for import of capital goods (Machinery and equipment) and the words 'spare parts' have not been mentioned in

the description of goods given in the licence, for a list of spares has been attached to the licence, it will be open to the licence holder to import spare parts to the extent of 10 per cent of the value of the licence, within the overall value of the licence, subject to the condition that restricted spare parts listed in Appendix 3 to the Import Trade Control Policy (Red Book, Vol. I) for the period April 1968—March 1969, shall not exceed 5 per cent of the value of the licence, or Rs. 20,000 whichever is less, and the value of any single spare part appearing in the said Appendix 3 does not exceed Rs. 2,000. The licensee shall import only those spare parts as are required for maintenance of the machinery covered by the licence in question;

- (ii) if a licence has been issued for the import of capital goods (machinery and equipment) and spare parts, and a list of spare parts has been attached to the licence, it will be open to the licence holder to import spare parts against the said licence in the same manner and to the same extent as indicated in sub-para (i) above;
- (iii) if a licence has been issued for the import of capital goods (machinery and equipment) and spare parts, and a list of spare parts has been attached to the licence, but the value of spare parts has not been indicated in the list, it will be open to the licence holder to import spare parts appearing in the list, but the value of the spare parts so imported shall not exceed 10 per cent of the value of the licence, within the overall value of the licence, and
- (iv) if a licence has been issued for the import of capital goods (machinery and equipment) and spare parts, a list of spare parts is attached to the licence, and the list of spares also indicates the value allowed, it will be open to the licence holder to import the spare parts appearing in the list and for the value so indicated, within the overall value of the licence.

3. The policy relating to the import of spare parts against licences for capital goods (machinery and equipment) may be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

SUBJECT:—*Period of validity and revalidation of import licence issued for capital goods/heavy electrical plant.*

No. 264-ITC(PN)/68.—Attention is invited to the period of validity and the procedure for revalidation of import licences issued for capital goods/heavy electrical plant (C.G./H.E.P. licences) as contained in Chapter XI of the Import Trade Control Hand Book of Rules and Procedure, 1968.

2 The position has been reviewed, and the following decisions have been taken:—

- (i) *C.G./H.E.P. licences, other than those issued against tied credit or foreign aid.*
 - (a) The initial validity period in respect of such licence will be 12 months.
 - (b) If a firm order has been placed and accepted by the foreign supplier during the initial period of validity of 12 months, but shipment is not effected within this period, the request for the grant of an extension of one year in the validity period of the licence, will be considered on merits. Normally, extension beyond the overall validity period of two years will not be granted but, in cases of special difficulty, the requests for revalidation beyond this period may also be considered having regard to the delivery period.
 - (c) If the licensee fails to place firm orders on the foreign supplier, or the foreign supplier has not accepted the order during the initial validity period of 12 months, the request for revalidation will be considered having due regard to indigenous angle, and the items available indigenously may be excluded from the licence before any revalidation is granted. Subject to this, the request for the grant of extension of validity by 12 months will be considered to enable the licensee to place firm orders.

(d) If, in the types of cases covered by (c) above, the licensee fails to place the firm order even during the extended period, or the foreign supplier does not accept the order within the same period, the request for further revalidation will not be entertained. But, if a firm order has been placed and accepted, by the foreign supplier within the extended period, further requests for revalidation will be considered as in (b) above.

(ii) *C.G./H.E.P. licences issued against tied credits or foreign aid.*

(a) The initial validity period in respect of such licences will be fixed depending upon the terms and conditions of the credit or foreign aid against which the licence is issued.

(b) If a firm order has been placed and accepted by the foreign supplier within the initial validity period of the licence, as per terms and conditions of the credit or foreign aid against which the licence is issued, requests for extension of validity period of the licence will be considered on merits having regard to the delivery period and the terms and conditions of the credit or foreign aid against which the licence is issued, requests for extension of validity period of the licence will be considered on merits having regard to the delivery period and the terms and conditions of the credit or aid against which the licence has been issued.

(c) If the licensee fails to place order within the initial validity period of the licence, or the foreign supplier has not accepted the order within the same period, as per terms and conditions of the credit or foreign aid against which the licence is issued requests for further extension of the validity period of the licence will also be considered to enable the licensee to place order, subject to the terms and conditions of the relevant credit or foreign aid. But in such cases also, if a firm order has not been placed upto a period of one year from the date of issue of the licence, or the foreign supplier has not accepted the order within the same period, the requests for extension of validity period of the licence beyond this period, will be considered having due regard to the indigenous angle, and the revalidation, if any, granted will apply only to those items which are cleared from indigenous angle.

(d) If a firm order has been placed and accepted by the foreign supplier during the extended period of validity, as per terms and conditions of the relevant credit or foreign aid, requests for further revalidation of the licence will be considered as in (b) above.

3. Sub-paragraphs 236(4) and 240(4) of Chapter XI of the Import Trade Control Hand Book of Rules and Procedure, 1968 may be deemed to have been amended accordingly.

SUBJECT:—Import Policy for Registered Exporters for the year April, 1968—March, 1969.

No. 265 ITC(PN)/68.—Attention is invited to the Import Policy for Registered Exporters contained in Vol. II of the Import Trade Control Policy Book (Red Book) for the year April 1968—March 1969, issued under the Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 50-ITC(PN)/68 dated April 1, 1968, as amended from time to time.

(2) The following amendments may be made at the appropriate places as indicated below:—

Page No. of the Red Book “ Reference (Vol. II)	Amendments
	2

Page 86	P. I.I.	In the remarks in Column 5, the words and figures “for an amount upto 30% of value of licence for import of raw silk” may be deleted.
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1

2

3

Page 86 . . . P. 1.2. In the remark (1) Column 5, the words and figures "for an amount upto 30% of value of licence for raw silk" may be deleted.

Page 86 . . . P. 1.3. In the remarks in Column 5, the words and figures "for an amount upto 30% of value of licence" may be deleted.

Page 87 . . . P. 1.4. In the remark (1) Column 5, the words and figures "for an amount upto 30% of the total value of licence" may be deleted.

(3) The amendments indicated in this public notice will be applicable in respect of exports on or after 1st January, 1969.

SUBJECT:—*Import Policy for Registered Exporters for the year April, 1968—March, 1969.*

No. 266—ITC(PN)/68.—Attention is invited to the import Policy for Registered Exporters contained in Volume II of the Import Trade Control Policy (Red Book) for the year April 1968—March, 1969 issued under the Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 5c-ITC(TN)/68, dated 1-4-1968.

(2) The following amendments may be made at the appropriate places as indicated below:

Page No. of the Red Book] Reference Vol. II]]	Amendment			
	1	2	3	4
62 . . . P 66	After the existing entry at B-65, the following entry may be added under Cols. 1 to 4—			
B. 66	Sodium hydro-sulphite	80%	(a) Zinc dust suitable for manufacture of sodium hydro-sulphite (specifications Zinc-99% minimum; Metallic Zinc- 96.5% minimum; Mesh-10,000 mesh per sq. cm; DIN- 117). (b) Mercury.	

(3) As a result of the above amendment, the entry "Sodium hydro-sulphite B.66" may be inserted alphabetically in the Index of the above Red Book under the export product "B. CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS."

(4) The following items are classified under the product groups mentioned below and fall under the respective serial numbers shown against each:

1. Leather saddles, complete with metal parts. A. 14.16
2. Galvanised Iron wire rope clamps (grips), bulldog pattern, with U Bolts and Nuts of mild steel and bridge made of Cast Iron. A. 15.1.2
3. Rivets for Umbrella ribs. ? A. 15.1.1
4. Roofing nails, Galvanised A. 15.1.1
5. Cables with aluminium Conductors and polyurethane insulation A. 22.4.3

6.	Tubular poles, Ungalvanised (Black)	A. 64.3
7.	Planing and Thicknessing machine (wood working)	A. 80
8.	Planning and Jointing Machine (Wood Working.)	A. 80
9.	Spindle moulders (wood working)	A. 80
10.	Borer and slot mortisers (wood working)	A. 80
11.	Hand numbering machine	A. 80
12.	Cast iron sewig machine stands in rough and unpainted conditions	A. 82
13.	Rivetting dies with hammer, for umbrella ribs.	A. 84
14.	Hinges, non-ferrous other than of aluminium.	A. 93
15.	Valves and accessories, made of non-ferrous metal	A. 96.1
16.	Tongue cleaners, made of brass and German silver	A. 96.2
17.	Textile stores made of non-ferrous metal (other than aluminium) including Perforated brass strips Copper cylinder for processing Brass reeds.	A. 96.2
18.	Grain moisture meters	A. 118.2
19.	Valves and accessories, other than those of non-ferrous metal	A. 122
20.	Steel case slings, with spiked grip hooks and rings.	A. 138
21.	Steel Barrel or drum clings with hoocks and rings	A. 138
22.	Steel wire Ropes slings.	A. 139
23.	Ginning machinery	A. 145.2
24.	Ginning machinery parts, made of metal.	A. 145.2
25.	Textile stores (other than those made of wood, rubber, leather paper, plastics non-ferrous metals and stainless steel) including:-	A. 145.2
	Spindles,	
	Rings,	
	Doctor's Blades.	
	Fluted rollers.	
	Cylinder and Doffer fillets.	
	Stonter Clips..	
	Flat Steel Reed Leno Doup.	
	Wire healds.	
	Serrated bars.	
	Tin rollers.	
	Metallic Heald Frames.	
	Steel reeds.	
	Dobbies.	
	Steel Rods/Flat reeds.	
	Loom and Ring Temples.	
	Perforated Steel Strips.	
	Beam Flanges.	
	Droppers.	
	Steel rings for automatic pirns.	
	Shuttle tongues,	
	Balloon Springs.	
	Ring Frame Spindles.	
	High Speed Roller Bearing inserts	
	Jockey Pulleys.	
	Bobbin holders.	
	Shed Rods.	
	Steel shield for bobbins.	

26. Umbrella tubes.	A. 155
B. CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS.—	
1. Papain(B.P.C.)	B. 19.7
2. Microscopic slides.	B. 46.5
3. Cverglass	B. 46.5
4. Lac carriings, rings, studded with glass chatons, glass heads and mirror pieces.	B. 46.5
5. Textile stores made of rubber including— Rubber aprons and cots. Rubber fillet. Elastic cords.	B. 53.5
6. Textile stores made of paper namely, paper cones.	B. 55.4
7. Textile stores made of paper including the following:— Jacquard cards.	B. 55.5
8. Typewriter ribbon ink.	B. 59.3
C. PLASTICS.—	
1. Textile stores made of plastics including— Rovematic bobbins of plastics, Pickers, etc., made of nylon.	C. 18
D. LEATHER AND LEATHER GOODS.—	
1. Textile stores made of leather including— Beltring Picking bands. Buffers. Sheep/calf Roller skins.	D. 2.2
2. Textile stores, namely, leather pickers.	D. 3
E. COTTON TEXTILES.—	
1. Textile stores made of cotton fabrics including— Spindle tape. Hobby harness. Twill laping. Machine cloth. Cotton healds.	N. 3
F. STAINLESS STEEL PRODUCTS.—	
1. Key rings, made of stainless steel	Q. 1.9
2. Tongue cleaners, made of stainless steel.	Q. 1.9
3. Automobile ancillaries, parts, and bicycle parts, such as, axle-wheel caps, Bumpers, King Pin Assembly, Gears, Rims, Handle Bars, Chain wheel Crank, made of stainless steel.	Q. 1.9

5. The items mentioned in para 4 above may be inserted alphabetically at the appropriate places under the relevant Product Groups mentioned above.

R. J. REBELLO,
Chief Controller of Imports and Exports.